

ROLLOVER/TRANSFER OUT FORM

For All Annuity Plan Accounts Except 403(b)
Original Form Required for Processing

The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC), Houston, Texas

Mail Completed Forms to:	VALIC Document Control	P.O. Box 1	5648, Amarillo, TX 79105-5	Call 1-800-448-2542 for assistance.
1. CLIENT INFORMATION				
Name:			SSN or Tax ID:	
Daytime Phone: ()	Dat	e of Birth:	Group	Name/Number:
2. ROLLOVER/TRANSFER OUT	REQUEST			
Indicate if you are requesting a F Purchase Credit (complete inform Rollover Distributions: • Must have met a distributable e • Generally not restricted by rece • Not taxable • Are reported to IRS If you do not designate this trans request for a Transfer. Otherwise Indicate Receiving Plan Type for Ro 403(b) 401(a)/403(a) Roth IRA Non-Qualified De	Rollover or Transfer by checonation below). See Information pages iving plan action either as a Rollover, we will treat this as a requilover/Transfer:	or a Transfer, and uest for a Rollover or Traditional IRA-spousal Inherited	e details. Transfers to a Like Plan Allowed at any time if not Plan may restrict transfer Generally subject to restr Not taxable and not repor if the plan and the applic subject to applicable pl 457(b) Go IRA 457(b) Tax	restricted by the plan s to only certain specified carriers ctions of receiving plan ted to IRS (except for NQDAs) able rules permit, we will treat this as a an requirements and restrictions. vernmental Deferred Compensation (-Exempt Deferred Compensation (transfer only)
☐ I elect to transfer funds to purch	nase service credit. REQUI	RED: Attach State D	Defined Benefit Plan Docum	ement Date (if known)entation providing the dollar amount of eligibility.
Choose from one of the following	distribution types below. Multi-Year Terms, distributi d leaves account open. Unless vithdrawals will be processed f your contract allows	ons made prior to s your contract/ under Option B.	maturity date may be sub Optional: You may reque all funds or specify an a fund for the account(s) I funds will be withdrawn FB004/FB009), Short Ter Option, Second Largest N	ect to a market value adjustment. est we distribute the amount pro-rata against mount or percentage to be taken from each isted below. If neither option is specified, the n the following order: Fixed Account (FB001/m Fixed (FP002), Largest Variable Investment variable Investment Option, etc., Fixed Account nd lastly the Multi-Year Term(s).
Account #	Accou	int #	,	Account #
\$ or	% \$	0	r%	\$ or %
Choose One: ☐ Distribute the amount pro-rata ag ☐ Distribute the amount or percenta fund as specified below: Fund Code Amount	iainst all funds	e Une: ribute the amount pro ribute the amount or d as specified below: code Amount	p-rata against all funds percentage from each	Choose One: ☐ Distribute the amount pro-rata against all funds ☐ Distribute the amount or percentage from each fund as specified below: Fund Code Amount \$ or%\$ or%
\$ or	%	\$	or%	\$or%
Option B → Surrender • Automatically closes account • Future contributions will not be • If you have an outstanding loan (s) a outstanding loans or loan security. Ho number. Termination of a loan(s) may Account #	accepted (s), see below Ind request a surrender of you wever, you may request your a result in a taxable distribution(Accoul	ur account, a 100% occount be closed and s). If all regulatory rent #	withdrawal will be processed any outstanding loan(s) terr quirements are not met to all n	I leaving your account open with no impact to ninated by checking the box below under the account ow a loan termination, the loan(s) will remain intact. Account # DO Terminate my Loan
3. ROLLOVER DISTRIBUTION		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1" above.
401(a)/(k) or 457(b) governmenta □ Separation from Service as of □ Termination □ Ear Did you separate from service do □ In-service Withdrawal of avail □ Permanent/Total Disability as Attach Doctor's Statement or S	date) of (date) of (date) of (date) of (date) of (date) of (date).	lue to: mal Retirement ined Age 55?	Other Dis	tributions: ousal Beneficiary alified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO) Payment
4. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				
5. PAYEE ROLLOVER/TRANSF	ER COMPANY MAILING I	NSTRUCTIONS		
Payee Rollover/Transfer Company	Name	Re	ceiving Account Number	
Attention Line/Internal Mail Code	Address		City	State ZIP

6. SPOUSAL CONSENT		
ERISA-covered and certain other employer plans require Please check the appropriate box below: REQUIRED FOR CLIENT: Client Marital Status	the client to state his/her marital status and the spo	ouse to consent to this distribution.
☐ Not Married☐ Married☐ Legally Sep☐ Missing Spouse: I hereby affirm that I have made	parated: Attach Court Order of Legal Separation (petiti e reasonable attempts to locate my spouse and have t	on not acceptable) not been able to do so.
survivor benefit of at least 50% of the amount in thi before making withdrawals from this contract. If you amount withdrawn. If you agree to the withdrawal, p I agree to the payment of funds from the contract of understand and agree that I am giving up merelease VALIC from all liability for making this	v right to receive a survivor benefit payment from VA	your spouse must have written consent vivor benefit payment from VALIC for the ur signature witnessed. LIC for the amount being paid and I
SPOUSE'S SIGNATURE WITNESSED BY NOTARY PUBLIC	Signature	Date
This section is only to be used for a Notary Pub State of	lic's witnessing of the Spousal Consent <i>in absence of</i> County of On this day of	, year of
	d(name o ONSENT and he/she acknowledged to me that he/she	
7. VESTING DETERMINATION FOR EMPLOYER CONT	Notary Public	
Vesting Information: To be completed by the employer spo		dministration services
Employer Basic Vested All Employers: Indicate hours worked if Hours of Service used by your plan to calculate benefits. Any month in whic	% Employer Supplemental/Matching % is used by your plan to calculate benefits. Indicate mo	Vested% onths worked if Elapsed Time is be counted as a month worked.
8. PLAN ADMINISTRATOR APPROVAL		
To be completed where required under your employer's p I approve this distribution in accordance with current pla I verify that the information provided on this form for pu If applicable, the client has established to my satisfaction I affirm that any signature of a client's spouse in Section	an provisions and all applicable laws and regulations. rposes of this distribution is correct to the best of my n that spousal consent is not required. 6 of this form has been witnessed either by me or by	•
Plan Administrator's Name (Print Name)	Plan Administrator's Signature	Date
9. CLIENT APPROVAL		
	ements, including marital statements, are complete and an after on my behalf. and Qualified Annuity Benefit" section of the Special Tayould have been provided with respect to the amount the already been made. Information pages of this form, including IncomeLOCK (led in the contract. See to the IRS, if required, to verify distribution reason. account(s), I have attached my Contract/Certificate to the acc/Certificate is not attached, I agree to indemnify VALIGE ented for payment. Transaction at your specific request and as an accommodation of this transaction or its tax treatment under Section 1035 and requirements, including but not limited to IRS Revenue unt of the exchange to the new contract. That guidance incit any distribution from either the surrendering or receiving artial exchange being treated as a taxable withdrawal from intention of the contract of the exchange to the new contract.	curate to the best of my knowledge and belief. x Notice. By signing below I am agreeing it I am withdrawing. I also understand that I Option, if applicable, and acknowledge that is form, or alternatively, I certify that my cagainst any claims that may be asserted on ation to you and makes no representations or (a) of the Internal Revenue Code or otherwise. Procedure 2008-24 which requires that the cost udes specific rules intended to prevent the use contract involved in a partial exchange within the original contract rather than a tax-free
9. CLIENT APPROVAL 1 authorize the above rollover/transfer and certify that all state 1 certify that the payee is eligible to accept this rollover/transfer and survivor Annuity to waive any benefit or right described in that section that we have the right to revoke any waiver if a distribution has not 1 have read and understand the information provided in the distributions may be subject to surrender charges as provid 1 understand that I will be responsible for providing evidence 1 this rollover/transfer will result in a total surrender of my Contract/Certificate has been lost or destroyed. If my Contrat the basis of the Contract/Certificate being found and prese For Section 1035 Exchanges: VALIC is participating in this twarranties and has no responsibility or liability for the validity If this is a partial exchange, it is subject to applicable tax rules a basis of the original contract be reduced pro-rata by the amout of partial exchanges to avoid tax obligations, and provides that 12 months from the date of the exchange may result in the patenchange. VALIC does not provide tax or legal advice and reconclusions.	ements, including marital statements, are complete and act and Qualified Annuity Benefit" section of the Special Tale and Qualified Annuity Benefit" section of the Special Tale avoid have been provided with respect to the amount the already been made. Information pages of this form, including IncomeLOCK (led in the contract.) See to the IRS, if required, to verify distribution reason. account(s), I have attached my Contract/Certificate to the act/Certificate is not attached, I agree to indemnify VALIGE ented for payment. Transaction at your specific request and as an accommodation of this transaction or its tax treatment under Section 1035 and requirements, including but not limited to IRS Revenue and of the exchange to the new contract. That guidance incident the exchange to the new contract. That guidance incident is any distribution from either the surrendering or receiving artial exchange being treated as a taxable withdrawal from the commends that you seek the advice of your tax or legal advice incidents.	curate to the best of my knowledge and belief. x Notice. By signing below I am agreeing it I am withdrawing. I also understand that I Option, if applicable, and acknowledge that is form, or alternatively, I certify that my cagainst any claims that may be asserted on ation to you and makes no representations or (a) of the Internal Revenue Code or otherwise. Procedure 2008-24 which requires that the cost udes specific rules intended to prevent the use contract involved in a partial exchange within the original contract rather than a tax-free
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Information

*PRIVATE TAX-EXEMPT 457(b) DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

Section 457(b) deferred compensation plans sponsored by private tax-exempt employers require participants to make an irrevocable election regarding the distribution of benefits. Commencement of payments cannot be later than April 1st of the year following the year you attain age 70½ unless you are still working for the plan's sponsor. Please contact your plan administrator for more information.

SPECIAL TAX NOTICE

The information in this notice applies to qualified plans, 403(b) and governmental section 457(b) plans ("Plan") and IRAs. You are receiving this notice because all or a portion of a payment you are receiving from an employer-sponsored plan or IRA may be eligible to be rolled over to an IRA or an employer plan. This notice is intended to help you decide whether to do such a rollover. You have the right to at least 30 days to consider your alternatives after receiving this notice. You may waive this review period. Your signature on this form will indicate that either you have had this 30-day review or that you have chosen to waive it and you are requesting an immediate distribution. This notice does not describe any State or local income tax rules (including withholding rules).

ELIGIBLE ROLLOVER DISTRIBUTIONS

You will be taxed on a payment from the Plan or IRA if you do not roll it over. If you are under age 59½ and do not do a rollover, you will also have to pay a 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies). However, if you do a rollover, you will not have to pay tax until you receive payments later and the 10% additional income tax will not apply if those payments are made after you are age 59½ (or if an exception applies).

If you wish to do a rollover, you may roll over all or part of the amount eligible for rollover. Any payment from the Plan or IRA is eligible for rollover, except:

- Certain payments spread over a period of at least 10 years or over your life or life expectancy (or the lives or joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary)
- Required minimum distributions after age 70½ (or after death)
- · Hardship distributions
- Corrective distributions of contributions that exceed tax law limitations
- Loans treated as deemed distributions (for example, loans in default due to missed payments before your employment ends)
- Contributions made under special automatic enrollment rules that are withdrawn pursuant to your request within 90 days of enrollment
- Amounts paid from certain deferred compensation plans

If a payment is not an eligible rollover distribution, 10% federal income tax withholding will apply unless you indicate differently. The Plan administrator or the payor can tell you what portion of a payment is eligible for rollover.

You may roll over the payment to either an IRA or an employer plan (qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan) that will accept the rollover. Check with the administrator of that plan about whether the plan accepts rollovers and, if so, the types of rollover distributions it accepts. See below for rollover rules regarding payments from designated Roth accounts in 401(k) or 403(b) plans. The rules of the IRA or employer plan that holds the rollover will determine your investment options, fees, and rights to payment from the IRA or employer plan. For example, the employer plan may restrict distributions or require spousal consent or plan administrator approval for distributions. Further, the amount rolled over will become subject to the tax rules that apply to the IRA or employer plan. If you roll over a payment from a governmental section 457(b) plan to an IRA or to an employer plan that is not a governmental section 457(b) plan, a later distribution made before age 59½ will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies).

There are two ways to do a rollover. You can do either a **direct rollover** or a **60-day rollover**.

If you do a direct rollover, the Plan or IRA will make the payment directly to your IRA or an employer plan.

If you do not do a direct rollover, you may still do a rollover by making a deposit into an IRA or eligible employer plan that will accept it. You will have 60 days after you receive the payment to make the deposit. If you do not

do a direct rollover of a Plan distribution, the Plan is required to withhold 20% of the payment for federal income taxes. This means that, in order to roll over the entire payment in a 60-day rollover, you must use other funds to make up for the 20% withheld. If you do not roll over the entire amount of the payment, the portion not rolled over will be taxed and will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions if you are under age 59½ (unless an exception applies).

Generally, the 60-day rollover deadline cannot be extended. However, the IRS has the limited authority to waive the deadline under certain extraordinary circumstances, such as when external events prevented you from completing the rollover by the 60-day rollover deadline. To apply for a waiver, you must file a private letter ruling request with the IRS. Private letter ruling requests require the payment of a nonrefundable user fee. For more information, see IRS Publication 590, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

After-tax Contributions. After-tax contributions included in a payment are not taxed. If a payment is only part of your benefit, an allocable portion of your after-tax contributions is generally included in the payment. If you have pre-1987 after-tax contributions maintained in a separate account, a special rule may apply to determine whether the after-tax contributions are included in a payment.

You may roll over to an IRA a payment that includes after-tax contributions through either a direct rollover or a 60-day rollover. You must keep track of the aggregate amount of the after-tax contributions in all of your IRAs (in order to determine your taxable income for later payments from the IRAs). If you do a direct rollover of only a portion of the amount paid from the Plan and a portion is paid to you, each of the payments will include an allocable portion of the after-tax contributions. If you do a 60-day rollover to an IRA of only a portion of the payment made to you, the after-tax contributions are treated as rolled over last. For example, assume you are receiving a complete distribution of your benefit which totals \$12,000, of which \$2,000 is after-tax contributions. In this case, if you roll over \$10,000 to an IRA in a 60-day rollover, no amount is taxable because the \$2,000 amount not rolled over is treated as being after-tax contributions.

You may roll over to an employer plan all of a payment that includes after-tax contributions, but only through a direct rollover (and only if the receiving plan separately accounts for after-tax contributions and is not a governmental section 457(b) plan). You can do a 60-day rollover to an employer plan of part of a payment that includes after-tax contributions, but only up to the amount of the payment that would be taxable if not rolled over.

ROLLOVERS OF BENEFICIARY/ALTERNATE PAYEE ACCOUNTS

Payments after death of the participant. If you receive a distribution after the participant's death that you do not roll over, the distribution will generally be taxed in the same manner described elsewhere in this notice. However, the 10% additional income tax on early distributions and the special rules for public safety officers do not apply, and the special rule described under the section, "Special Tax Treatment for Certain Lump Sum Distributions," applies only if the participant was born on or before January 1, 1936. Note that whether a payment from a designated Roth account (see below) is a qualified distribution generally depends on when the participant first made a contribution to the designated Roth account in the Plan.

If you are a surviving spouse. If you receive a payment from the Plan as the surviving spouse of a deceased participant, you have the same rollover options that the participant would have had, as described elsewhere in this notice. In addition, if you choose to do a rollover to a traditional or Roth IRA, you may treat the IRA as an inherited IRA or as your own. If you treat the IRA (either traditional or Roth) as an inherited IRA, payments from the IRA will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions. However, if the participant had started taking required minimum distributions, you will have to receive required minimum distributions from the inherited IRA. If the participant had not started taking required minimum distributions from the Plan, you will not have to start receiving required minimum distributions from the inherited IRA until the year the participant would have been age 70½. A traditional IRA you treat as your own is treated like any other traditional IRA of yours, so that payments made to you before you are age 59½ will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies) and required minimum distributions from your traditional IRA do not have to start until after you are age 70½. A Roth IRA you treat as your own is

Information (continued)

treated like any other Roth IRA of yours, so that you will not have to receive any required minimum distributions during your lifetime and earnings paid to you in a nonqualified distribution before you are age 59½ will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies).

If you are a surviving beneficiary other than a spouse. If you receive a payment from the Plan because of the participant's death and you are a designated beneficiary other than a surviving spouse, the only rollover option you have is to do a direct rollover to an inherited traditional or Roth IRA. Payments from the inherited IRA (even if a nonqualified distribution from a Roth IRA) will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions. You will have to receive required minimum distributions from the inherited traditional or Roth IRA.

Payments under a qualified domestic relations order. If you are the spouse or former spouse of the participant who receives a payment from the Plan under a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO), you generally have the same options the participant would have (for example, you may roll over the payment to your own IRA or an eligible employer plan that will accept it). Payments under the QDRO will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions.

10% PENALTY

If you are under age 59½, you will have to pay the 10% additional income tax on early distributions for any payment from the Plan or IRA (including amounts withheld for income tax) (or, for payment from a Roth IRA, for the earnings paid) that you do not roll over, unless one of the exceptions listed below applies (or, for payment from a Roth IRA, is a qualified distribution). This tax is in addition to the regular income tax on the payment not rolled over.

The 10% additional income tax does not apply to the following payments from the Plan or IRA:

Payments made after you separate from service if you will be at least age 55 in the year of the separation (not applicable to IRA)

- Payments that start after you separate from service if paid at least annually in equal or close to equal amounts over your life or life expectancy (or the lives or joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary) (exception applies to IRA without regard to separation from service)
- Payments from a governmental defined benefit pension plan made after you separate from service if you are a public safety employee and you are at least age 50 in the year of the separation
- · Payments made due to disability
- · Payments after your death
- Payments from a governmental 457(b) plan, unless the payment is from a separate account holding rollover contributions that were made to the Plan from a qualified plan, a section 403(b) plan, or an IRA
- Corrective distributions of contributions that exceed tax law limitations
- Payments made directly to the government to satisfy a federal tax levy
- Payments made under a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) (not applicable to IRA; special rule applies for IRAs under which, as part of a divorce or separation agreement, a tax-free transfer may be made directly to an IRA of a spouse or former spouse)
- Payments up to the amount of your deductible medical expenses
- Certain payments made while you are on active duty if you were a member of a reserve component called to duty after September 11, 2001 for more than 179 days
- Payments of certain automatic enrollment contributions requested to be withdrawn within 90 days of the first contribution.
- IRA Only: (1) payments for qualified higher education expenses,
 (2) payments up to \$10,000 used in a qualified first-time home purchase,
 and (3) payments after you have received unemployment compensation
 for 12 consecutive weeks (or would have been eligible to receive unemployment compensation but for self-employed status).

Note: Eligible rollovers into a governmental 457(b) plan that were previously subject to the 10% additional income tax will continue to be subject to that penalty at the time of withdrawal unless you are over age 59½ or some other exception applies.

DESIGNATED ROTH ACCOUNTS AND ROTH IRAS

Contributions to designated Roth accounts and Roth IRAs are not deductible and therefore are distributed tax-free at any time. Earnings which accumulate in a designated Roth account or Roth IRA are not taxed currently and are not taxed upon a qualified distribution described below. Rollovers or conversions to a Roth IRA from a traditional IRA or pre-tax contributions to an employer plan are taxable in the year of the distribution.

After-tax contributions included in a payment from a designated Roth account are not taxed, but earnings might be taxed. The tax treatment of earnings included in the payment depends on whether the payment is a qualified distribution. If a payment is only part of your designated Roth account, the payment will include an allocable portion of the earnings in your designated Roth account. If the payment from the Plan is not a qualified distribution and you do not do a rollover to a Roth IRA or a designated Roth account in an employer plan, you will be taxed on the earnings in the payment. For payments from the Plan during 2010 that are rolled over to a Roth IRA, the taxable amount can be spread over a 2-year period starting in 2011. If you are under age 59½, a 10% additional income tax on early distributions will also apply to the earnings (unless an exception applies). This tax is in addition to the regular income tax on the earnings not rolled over. However, if you do a rollover, you will not have to pay taxes currently on the earnings and you will not have to pay taxes later on payments that are qualified distributions. If the payment from the Plan is a qualified distribution, you will not be taxed on any part of the payment even if you do not do a rollover. If you do a rollover, you will not be taxed on the amount you roll over and any earnings on the amount you roll over will not be taxed if paid later in a qualified distribution.

A qualified distribution from a designated Roth account or Roth IRA is a payment made after you are age 59½, after your death or disability, or as a qualified first-time homebuyer distribution of up to \$10,000 (not applicable to designated Roth accounts) and after you have had the designated Roth account in the Plan or Roth IRA for at least 5 years. In applying this 5-year rule, you count from January 1st of the year for which your first contribution was made to a designated Roth account or Roth IRA. However, if you did a direct rollover to a designated Roth account in the Plan from a designated Roth account in another employer plan, your participation will count from January 1st of the year your first contribution was made to the designated Roth account in the Plan or, if earlier, to the designated Roth account in the other employer plan.

You may roll over the designated Roth account payment to either a Roth IRA or a designated Roth account in an employer plan (qualified plan or section 403(b) plan) that will accept the rollover. The rules of the Roth IRA or employer plan that holds the rollover will determine your investment options, fees, and rights to payment from the Roth IRA or employer plan. Further, the amount rolled over will become subject to the tax rules that apply to the Roth IRA or the designated Roth account in the employer plan. In general, these tax rules are similar to those described elsewhere in this notice, but differences include:

- If you do a rollover to a Roth IRA, all of your Roth IRAs will be considered for purposes of determining whether you have satisfied the 5-year rule (counting from January 1st of the year for which your first contribution was made to any of your Roth IRAs).
- If you do a rollover to a Roth IRA, you will not be required to take a
 distribution from the Roth IRA during your lifetime and you must keep
 track of the aggregate amount of the after-tax contributions in all of your
 Roth IRAs (in order to determine your taxable income for later Roth IRA
 payments that are not qualified distributions).
- Eligible rollover distributions from a Roth IRA can only be rolled over to another Roth IRA.

There are two ways to do a rollover. You can do a direct rollover (Plan will make payment directly) to a Roth IRA or designated Roth account in an employer plan. If you do not do a direct rollover, you may still do a rollover by making a deposit within 60 days into a Roth IRA, whether the payment is a qualified or nonqualified distribution. In addition, you can do a rollover by making a deposit within 60 days into a designated Roth account in an employer plan if the payment is a nonqualified distribution and the rollover

Information (continued)

does not exceed the amount of the earnings in the payment. You cannot do a 60-day rollover to an employer plan of any part of a qualified distribution. If you receive a distribution that is a nonqualified distribution and you do not roll over an amount at least equal to the earnings allocable to the distribution, you will be taxed on the amount of those earnings not rolled over, including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions if you are under age 59½ (unless an exception applies).

If you do a direct rollover of only a portion of the amount paid from the Plan and a portion is paid to you, each of the payments will include an allocable portion of the earnings in your designated Roth account.

If you do not do a direct rollover and the payment is not a qualified distribution, the Plan is required to withhold 20% of the earnings for federal income taxes (up to the amount of cash and property received other than employer stock). This means that, in order to roll over the entire payment in a 60-day rollover to a Roth IRA, you must use other funds to make up for the 20% withheld.

If you roll over the payment to a designated Roth account or Roth IRA, later payments from the designated Roth account or Roth IRA that are qualified distributions will not be taxed (including earnings after the rollover). Payments from the designated Roth account or Roth IRA that are not qualified distributions will be taxed to the extent of earnings after the rollover, including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies). You do not have to take required minimum distributions from a Roth IRA during your lifetime. For more information, see IRS Publication 590, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

LOANS

If you request a total surrender of your Plan account and you have an outstanding loan, the account balance will be reduced by the outstanding loan balance and outstanding loan security will be returned to the account. The loan offset amount is treated as a distribution to you at the time of the offset and will be taxed (including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions, unless an exception applies) (in the case of a nonqualified distribution from a designated Roth account, only to the extent of the earnings in the loan offset) unless you do a 60-day rollover in the amount of the loan offset to an IRA or employer plan (or in the amount of the nonqualified distribution earnings to a Roth IRA or designated Roth account in any employer plan). You may also choose to pay off the outstanding loan balance prior to the surrender by submitting payment in full to the Loan Department.

SPECIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR CERTAIN LUMP-SUM DISTRIBUTIONS

If you were born on or before January 1, 1936 and receive a lump sum distribution (including a nonqualified distribution from a designated Roth account) that you do not roll over, special rules for calculating the amount of the tax on the payment (or the earnings in the payment for a nonqualified distribution) might apply to you (not applicable to governmental 457(b) plan distributions). For more information, see IRS Publication 575, Pension and Annuity Income.

ELIGIBLE RETIRED PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER

If the Plan is a governmental plan, you retired as a public safety officer, and your retirement was by reason of disability or was after normal retirement age, you can exclude from your taxable income plan payments (including nonqualified distributions from designated Roth accounts) paid directly as premiums to an accident or health plan (or a qualified long-term care insurance contract) that your employer maintains for you, your spouse, or your dependents, up to a maximum of \$3,000 annually. For this purpose, a public safety officer is a law enforcement officer, firefighter, chaplain, or member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew.

NONRESIDENT ALIEN

If you are a nonresident alien and you do not do a direct rollover to a U.S. IRA or U.S. employer plan, instead of withholding 20%, the Plan is generally required to withhold 30% of the payment for federal income taxes. If the amount withheld exceeds the amount of tax you owe (as

may happen if you do a 60-day rollover), you may request an income tax refund by filing Form 1040NR and attaching your Form 1042-S. See Form W-8BEN for claiming that you are entitled to a reduced rate of withholding under an income tax treaty. For more information, see also IRS Publication 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, and IRS Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities.

OTHER SPECIAL RULES

- If a payment is one in a series of payments for less than 10 years, your choice whether to make a direct rollover will apply to all later payments in the series (unless you make a different choice for later payments).
- If your payments for the year are less than \$200, the Plan is not required to allow you to do a direct rollover and is not required to withhold for federal income taxes. However, you may do a 60-day rollover.
- Unless you elect otherwise, a mandatory cashout of more than \$1,000 will be directly rolled over to an IRA chosen by the Plan administrator. A mandatory cashout is a payment from a plan to a participant made before age 62 (or normal retirement age, if later) and without consent, where the participant's benefit does not exceed \$5,000 (not including any amounts held under the plan as a result of a prior rollover made to the plan).
- You may have special rollover rights if you recently served in the U.S. Armed Forces. For more information, see IRS Publication 3, Armed Forces' Tax Guide.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

You may wish to consult with the Plan administrator or a professional tax advisor, before taking a payment from the Plan or IRA. Also, you can find more detailed information on the federal tax treatment of payments from employer plans and IRAs in: IRS Publication 575, Pension and Annuity Income; IRS Publication 590, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs); and IRS Publication 571, Tax-Sheltered Annuity Plans (403(b) Plans). These publications are available from a local IRS office, on the web at www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

DISTRIBUTABLE EVENT

Generally a distributable event includes attainment of age 59½ (age 70½ for governmental 457(b) plans), separation from service, disability or death. However, the employer's plan may place additional restrictions that must also be met prior to a distribution. If you have met a distributable event, you may request a rollover of funds to any eligible plan type or a transfer to a like plan type. If you wish to move funds from your VALIC 403(b) account to another 403(b) account via a rollover distribution, and have made contributions prior to 01-01-87, those amounts may lose a grandfathered status that can impact future required distributions. However, movement of funds from your VALIC 403(b) account to another 403(b) account via a transfer distribution may retain the status. For more information, please call 1-800-448-2542.

TRANSFERS

Transfers to a like plan will not be taxed or reported to the IRS. Generally, transfers are allowed regardless of employment status. However, your employer's plan may restrict you to authorized carriers. Transferred amounts generally become subject to the requirements of the plan receiving the transfer as though originally contributed to that plan.

INCOMELOCK OPTION

If you have chosen the IncomeLOCK living benefit option, withdrawals from the contract will reduce the account value and all benefits of the IncomeLOCK living-benefit option. Withdrawals exceeding the Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amount may reduce future Maximum Annual Withdrawal Amounts. Minimum distribution amounts calculated for each year will include the value of the IncomeLOCK benefit. One year's required minimum distribution based solely on the value of each individual account will not be treated as an excess withdrawal, but may reduce the Maximum Withdrawal Period. See your contract endorsement.

Information (continued)

PURCHASE OF SERVICE CREDIT

If allowed by both your State law and your State Defined Benefit Plan, you may request a withdrawal or surrender to purchase service credit*. VALIC will waive any applicable surrender charge if the following requirements are met:

- 1. VALIC has received all required paperwork in good order.
- 2. You are no more than 180 days from your specified retirement date.
- 3. You are age 55 or older.
- 4. Your account has been in effect for 5 years or longer.

Additionally, VALIC will waive the 20% Fixed Account Plus withdrawal restriction if you meet requirements 1 and 2 above.

* Withdrawals are allowed from 403(a), 403(b), 401(a), 401(k), governmental 457(b) and 408(a) plans.

QUALIFIED JOINT AND SURVIVOR ANNUITY AND QUALIFIED ANNUITY BENEFIT: FOR ERISA PLANS ONLY

This notice should be provided to you at least 30 days, but no more than 180 days, before your proposed distribution date.

If you are married, your retirement plan distributions will be paid to you in the form of a Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity ("QJSA") unless you elect a different form of distribution. Under your QJSA, if your spouse survives you, the plan will pay him or her at least 50% of the amount the plan had been paying to you, on the same frequency as the payments to you. If you are not married, your benefit will be paid monthly over your life and will end upon your death unless you elect a different form of distribution. This benefit is referred to as a Qualified Annuity Benefit ("QAB").

The plan may satisfy the QJSA or QAB by using your vested account balance to purchase an annuity contract from an insurance company. The actual monthly payments made under the annuity contract will depend on the value of your account balance, annuity purchase rates used by the insurance company, your age, and if you are married, your spouse's age at the time the distribution begins.

The following table reflects the relative values of monthly payments from a Joint and Survivor Annuity and a Life Annuity, assuming a vested account balance of \$5,000 and an interest rate of 6%. This table is based on the Annuity 2000 Mortality tables. The table is hypothetical and does not reflect the value of your individual benefit or the actual payments you or your beneficiaries would receive. Please note that as the ages change, the payment amount will change. If none of the examples closely approximates your situation, you may obtain a more accurate value specific to your situation from your plan administrator or from your financial advisor.

Age at Benefit Starting Date

Annuitant	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35
Spouse	65	70	55	60	45	50	35	40

Monthly Payme	ent								
Annuitant Life									
Only	39.62	35.35	32.38	30.27	28.75	27.61	26.76	26.13	
Joint and									
50% Survivor	35.47	33.65	30.21	29.26	27.53	26.99	26.07	25.76	
Joint and									
75% Survivor	33.71	32.86	29.23	28.78	26.95	26.70	25.73	25.58	

This QJSA or QAB requirement may not apply to smaller account balances (generally below \$5,000) and will not apply if you have elected another form of benefit. A partial withdrawal would be considered another form of benefit for this purpose. Other alternate forms of benefits that may be available under your employer's plan and under your plan investments may include:

Annuity

An annuity can provide you with payments for your life or for your life and that of your beneficiary; payments for a specified period; payments for vour lifetime with a minimum guaranteed period; or a continuation of payments

to your surviving spouse that is different from the plan's percentage of the payments made to you. Generally, the more that the form of payment guarantees, such as a minimum period of payments, or payments to your surviving spouse or to another beneficiary, the more that specified benefit amount will cost. There are IRS rules that may limit the period during which payments may be made.

Lump Sum Distribution

If you elect a lump sum distribution, your benefit will be paid to you in one payment. The amount of your benefit is the vested portion of your account balance as of the valuation date used to calculate your distribution.

Installments

If you elect to receive your benefits in installments, you may specify the dollar amount and frequency of your payments. The period of time over which you receive these installments cannot be greater than your life expectancy or the joint life and last survivor expectancy of you and your designated beneficiary. There are other IRS rules that may further limit the period over which you receive payments.

In order to elect one of these alternative forms of benefits you must waive your right to the QJSA or QAB, and if you are married, your spouse must also consent in writing. In addition, this written consent must be witnessed by a Notary Public or by your Plan Administrator. You are entitled to 30 days (but no more than 180 days) within which to make this decision. Although you have at least 30 days to make this decision, under some circumstances, you may waive this minimum 30-day period, and if you submit a waiver of the QJSA or QAB less than 30 days after it is signed we will assume that you are waiving this notice period. Unless a waiver of the QJSA or QAB is made irrevocably, you have the right to revoke the waiver and execute another waiver at a later time, up to the time when the benefit payments have started. You also have the right to defer receiving a distribution, subject to the terms of your employer's plan as well as legal requirements that generally require distributions to commence upon the later of attainment of age 70½ or retirement.

The investment options available to you, the right to change investment options, and the fees imposed under the investment options will not be affected by your decision to defer distributions.

Please send completed forms to:

VALIC Document Control P.O. Box 15648 Amarillo, TX 79105-5648

Call 1-800-448-2542 for assistance.